

臺北醫學大學 113 學年度寒假轉學入學考試

試題參考答案釋疑公告-普通化學

題號	釋疑答覆	釋疑結果															
3	<p>Electron Affinity When a neutral atom in the gaseous state picks up an electron to form a stable negative ion, energy is released. For example, a chlorine atom can pick up an electron to give a chloride ion, Cl⁻, and 349 kJ/mol of energy is released.</p> <p>本題是考 electron affinity 的基本定義。</p>	維持原答案															
36	<p>配場體強度大小如下：</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>CO, CN⁻</td> <td>></td> <td>CN⁻ > phen > NO₂⁻ > en > NH₃ > NCS⁻ > H₂O > F⁻ > RCO₂⁻ > OH⁻ > Cl⁻ > Br⁻ > I⁻</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Low spin</td> <td></td> <td>High spin</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Strong field</td> <td></td> <td>Weak field</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Large Δ</td> <td></td> <td>Small Δ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>π acceptors</td> <td>σ donor only</td> <td>π donors</td> </tr> </table> <p>由上圖可知配體場強度由大到小是 NH₃ > NCS⁻ > H₂O > F⁻ 較強配體會有較大分裂能(splitting energy)，因此 Co(NH₃)₆³⁺錯合物具最大之分裂能。</p>	CO, CN ⁻	>	CN ⁻ > phen > NO ₂ ⁻ > en > NH ₃ > NCS ⁻ > H ₂ O > F ⁻ > RCO ₂ ⁻ > OH ⁻ > Cl ⁻ > Br ⁻ > I ⁻	Low spin		High spin	Strong field		Weak field	Large Δ		Small Δ	π acceptors	σ donor only	π donors	維持原答案
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